How Tech Transfer Transforms Society

The Bayh-Dole Act of 1980 significantly increased and accelerated the transfer of university discoveries to the marketplace. The products and processes that emerge from university technology transfer benefit the public in a number of ways.

Anytime you check your smartphone, get an MRI, or even check the weather report, you’re benefiting from federally-funded university research that’s been brought to the marketplace.

All of these and countless other technologies and everyday products are possible because of technology transfer—the process by which universities patent the discoveries unlocked in their laboratories and license them to businesses and entrepreneurs who then turn them into important and even life-saving commercial products.

Because the discoveries emerging from university research tend to be early-stage, high-risk inventions, successful university technology transfer transactions require a patent system that protects such innovations.

Previously, federally-funded university discoveries would often languish because they lacked the patent protections needed to bring them into the marketplace. The Bayh-Dole Act of 1980 prompted a significant increase in university patenting of those discoveries. Patent protections give businesses and entrepreneurs the confidence to license, invest in, and develop university discoveries into marketable products, knowing that no competitor can use those discoveries for a certain period of time. This process is central to promoting economic growth and ensuring the United States remains the global innovation leader.

Universities are guided by the core values and practices outlined in “Nine Points to Consider in Licensing University Technology,” which sets out the principles for ensuring technology transfer promotes the public good.
In 2016 alone, U.S. universities received more than 7,021 patents and university-based research led to the formation of 1,024 start-up companies and 800+ commercial products including lifesaving medicines and major technological advances.

1. Universities compete for federal Funding to conduct critical research.

2. University faculty and students make Groundbreaking Discoveries in the lab.

3. University technology transfer offices Patent and Copyright these discoveries.

4. University technology transfer offices then help transfer the rights to use these ideas to Businesses and Entrepreneurs and Startups.

5. Businesses, entrepreneurs and startups develop the ideas into Products that create jobs and help improve quality of life for all Americans.